1	Case 3:11-cv-02241-BEN-NLS Documen	t 1 Filed 09/27/11 Page 1 of 18		
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12				
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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15				
	VAN DINH LE deceased, THROUGH)		
16	HIS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST, AMY THU BICH LE; and AMY THU	Case No.: '11CV2241 BEN NLS		
17	BICH LE, Individually, KEVIN LE,			
18	VIVIAN LE	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES,		
19	Plaintiffs,	DECLARATORY, AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, AND DEMAND FOR JURY		
20	VS.	TRIAL		
21	CITY OF ESCONDIDO, a public			
22	entity, CITY OF ESCONDIDO POLICE CHIEF JIM MAHER in his			
	individual and official capacities, POLICE OFFICER MATTHEW			
23	NELSON, Individually, and DOES 1			
24	through 10, Jointly and Severally,			
25	Defendants.			
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Plaintiffs, by and through their attorneys, CURD, GALINDO & SMITH LLP and WYNN LAW GROUP for their Complaint against Defendants, state as follows:

JURISDICTION AND INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT TO SAN DIEGO

1. This is a civil rights wrongful death/survival action arising from Defendants' wrongful shooting, use of excessive force and negligence, resulting in the death of VAN DINH LE, Deceased, on March 3, 2011, in the City of ESCONDIDO, SAN DIEGO County, California. This action is brought pursuant to 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, as well as the laws and Constitution of the State of California. Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 USC §§ 1331 and 1343(a)(3) and (4), and the aforementioned statutory and constitutional provisions. Plaintiffs further invoke the supplemental jurisdiction of this Court pursuant to 28 USC §1367 to hear and decide claims arising under state law. The amount in controversy herein, excluding interest and costs, exceeds the minimum jurisdictional limit of this Court.

PARTIES AND PROCEDURE

- 2. Plaintiff AMY THU BICH LE brings these claims individually and as wife and Successor in Interest for her husband, VAN DINH LE, Deceased. AMY THU BICH LE is a resident of California and is entitled to bring these claims individually pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 377.30 et seq., 377.60, and federal civil rights law.
- 3. Plaintiffs, KEVIN LE and VIVIAN LE are the adult children of VAN DINH LE, deceased.
- 4. Plaintiffs herein bring these claims pursuant to California Code of Civil

 Procedure sections 377.20 et seq. and 377.60 et seq. which provide for survival and

 wrongful death actions. These claims are also brought individually and on behalf of VAN

DINH LE, Deceased, on the basis of the 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, the United States Constitution, and federal and state civil rights law.

- 5. Defendant CITY OF ESCONDIDO is a public entity established by the laws and Constitution of the State of California, and owns, operates, manages, directs, and controls the ESCONDIDO Police Department ("EPD") which employs other defendants in this action.
- 6. Defendant Police Officer MATTHEW NELSON ("Matthew") at all material times was employed as a law enforcement officer by Defendant City of ESCONDIDO, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. Defendant Matthew is being sued in his individual capacity.
- 7. Defendants Police Officers DOE 1 through 10 at all material times was employed as a law enforcement officer by Defendant City of ESCONDIDO, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. Defendant DOE 1 is being sued in his individual capacity.
- 8. Defendant Chief of Police JIM MAHER ("MAHER") at all material times was employed as Chief of Police by Defendant City of ESCONDIDO, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. As Chief of Police, Defendant MAHER was a policy-making official for the City of ESCONDIDO with the power to make official and final policy for the ESCONDIDO Police Department. Defendant MAHER is being sued in his individual and official capacities.
- 9. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each of the Defendants sued herein was negligently, wrongfully, and otherwise responsible in some manner for the events and happenings as hereinafter described, and proximately caused injuries and damages to Plaintiffs. Further, one or more DOE defendants was at all

material times responsible for the hiring, training, supervision, and discipline of other defendants, including Doe Defendants.

- 10. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that each of the Defendants was at all material times an agent, servant, employee, partner, joint venturer, co-conspirator, and/or alter ego of the remaining Defendants, and in doing the things herein alleged, was acting within the course and scope of that relationship. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe, and thereon allege, that each of the Defendants herein gave consent, aid, and assistance to each of the remaining Defendants, and ratified and/or authorized the acts or omissions of each Defendant as alleged herein, except as may be hereinafter otherwise specifically alleged. At all material times, each Defendant was jointly engaged in tortious activity, resulting in the deprivation of Plaintiffs' constitutional rights and other harm.
- 11. The acts and omissions of all Doe Defendants as set forth herein were at all material times pursuant to the actual customs, policies, practices and procedures of the ESCONDIDO Police Department.
- 12. At all material times, each Defendant acted under color of the laws, statutes, ordinances, and regulations of the State of California.
- 13. Each Plaintiff herein timely and properly filed tort claims pursuant to Cal. Gov. Code § 910 et seq., and this action is timely filed within all applicable statutes of limitation.
 - 14. This complaint may be pled in the alternative pursuant to FRCivP 8(e)(2).

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

15. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth herein.

- 16. This Complaint concerns an extremely tragic incident that began in the early morning in the City of ESCONDIDO around the residence at 2549 Hamlin Ct., Escondido, CA. VAN DINH LE, who suffered from MENTAL ILLNESS, was at home and experiencing the early stages of a mental breakdown. At this time, VAN DINH LE ("Le") was a disabled individual in need of medical care and assistance. Concerned for his safety, AMY LE tried to call 911 but could not get through she then alerted neighbors who did call 911 and requested an ambulance to take LE to the hospital. LE barricaded himself in a bathroom in his home.
- 17. Defendant Officers Matthew and DOE 1 though 10 arrived at LE's residence before an ambulance arrived. At the time, LE obviously was an emotionally disturbed and/or medically disabled person, requiring medical care and special police procedures and tactics. Plaintiff AMY LE attempted to inform the Defendant Officers that she was LE's wife, and was trying to get LE transported to the hospital. Defendant Officers Matthew and DOES 1 through 10 made no attempt to communicate with Plaintiff AMY LE and responded only by ordering her to "get away." Acting as a team, Defendant Officers Matthew and DOES 1 through 10 then ran upstairs to the bathroom and approached LE who had locked himself in the bathroom, with defendant DOES 1 through 10 approaching the bathroom door and Defendant Matthew standing near the door. At the time, LE was in the bathroom, Defendant DOES 1 through 10 pushed the bathroom door open and startled LE who had a pair of kitchen scissors in his hand.
- 18. Once the bathroom door was opened, Defendant Matthew shot his gun killing LE without provocation or just cause. At this time, and without provocation or just cause, Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew used excessive and unreasonable force against LE by shooting him, killing him. This tragic and senseless killing took place before

the sensory perception of LE's wife, Plaintiff AMY LE. At the time he was killed, VAN DINH LE was a disabled, mentally, emotionally disturbed man in need of medical care. He had committed no crime.

- 19. Defendant Matthew failed to give any warning to LE, before using deadly force, even though a warning would have been feasible and proper.
- 20. At the time that Defendant Matthew fired the fatal gunshot at LE, LE did not pose a significant and immediate threat of death or serious physical injury to Defendants or to anyone else.
- 21. At all material times, VAN DINH LE, behaved lawfully and peacefully. The use of deadly force, including the gunshot described herein, was not justified or lawful under the circumstances.
- 22. Alternatively, or concurrently, Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew's own excessive and unreasonable actions created a risk of harm to VAN DINH LE, created the situation in which Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew decided to use deadly force, and caused an escalation of events leading to the shooting death of VAN DINH LE.
- 23. Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew' conduct herein, including but not limited to their decision(s) to stop and seize LE, the manner in which they conducted that stop and seizure, their failure to communicate with Plaintiff AMY LE or other witnesses present at the location, their use of deadly force, and their other conduct, was contrary to generally accepted reasonable police procedures and tactics, and caused the wrongful death of VAN DINH LE.
- 24. At all material times, and alternatively, the actions and omissions of each defendant were intentional, wanton and/or willful, conscience shocking, reckless,

malicious, deliberately indifferent to Plaintiffs' rights, done with actual malice, grossly negligent, negligent, and objectively unreasonable.

- 25. As a direct and proximate result of each Defendant's acts and/or omissions as set forth above, Plaintiffs sustained the following injuries and damages, past and future, among others:
 - a. Wrongful death of VAN DINH LE;
 - b. Hospital and medical expenses;
 - c. Property damage as a result of the gun shot to Plaintiffs' single family residence;
 - d. Coroner's fees, funeral and burial expenses;
 - e. Loss of familial relationships, including loss of love, companionship, comfort, affection, consortium, society, services, solace, and moral support;
 - f. Loss of economic support;
 - g. Violation of constitutional rights;
 - h. All damages and penalties recoverable under 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, and as otherwise allowed under California and United States statutes, codes, and common law;
 - i. VAN DINH LE's loss of life, pursuant to federal civil rights law;
 - VAN DINH LE's conscious pain and suffering, pursuant to federal civil rights law;

COUNT ONE -- 42 USC §1983 -ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST DEFENDANTS DOES 1 THROUGH 10, MATTHEW AND DOES 1-10

- 26. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 27. By the actions and omissions described above, Defendants DOES 1
 THROUGH 10, MATTHEW, and DOES 1-10 violated 42 USC §1983, depriving Plaintiffs of the following clearly-established and well-settled constitutional rights protected by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to U.S. Constitution:
 - a. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - The right to be free from excessive and unreasonable force in the course of arrest or detention as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - c. The right to be free from the use of unlawful deadly force as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - d. The right to be free of unlawful, reckless, deliberately indifferent, and conscience shocking deadly force as secured by the Fourteenth Amendment;
 - e. The right to be free from wrongful government interference with familial relationships, and Plaintiffs' right to companionship, society and support of each other, as secured by the First, Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments, and California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 377.20 et seq. and 377.60 et seq.;
- 28. Defendants subjected Plaintiffs to their wrongful conduct, depriving Plaintiffs of rights described herein, knowingly, maliciously, and with conscious and reckless disregard for whether the rights and safety of Plaintiffs (individually and on behalf of VAN DINH LE,) and others would be violated by their acts and/or omissions.

- 29. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts and/or omissions as set forth above, Plaintiffs sustained injuries and damages as set forth at paragraph 25, above.
- 30. The conduct of Defendants Matthew and DOES 1 through 10 entitles

 Plaintiffs to punitive damages and penalties allowable under 42 USC §1983 and Cal. Code

 of Civil Procedure § 377.20 et seq.
- 31. Plaintiffs are also entitled to reasonable costs and attorney fees under 42 USC §1988 and applicable California codes and laws.

COUNT TWO - 42 USC §1983 – ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST DEFENDANTS CITY OF ESCONDIDO, CHIEF OF POLICE JIM MAHER, AND DOES 1-10

- 32. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 33. The unconstitutional actions and/or omissions of Defendants MATTHEW and DOES 1 through 10, as well as other officers employed by or acting on behalf of Defendant City of ESCONDIDO, on information and belief, were pursuant to the following customs, policies, practices, and/or procedures of the EPD, stated in the alternative, which were directed, encouraged, allowed, and/or ratified by policy making officers for City of ESCONDIDO and the EPD:
 - a. To use or tolerate the use of excessive and/or unjustified force;
 - b. To use or tolerate the use of unlawful deadly force;
 - c. To fail to use appropriate and generally accepted law enforcement procedures in handling emotionally disturbed and/or medically disabled persons;
 - d. To fail to use appropriate and generally accepted law enforcement procedures in handling disabled persons;
 - e. To fail to use appropriate and generally accepted law enforcement procedures in handling persons experiencing medical emergencies;

- f. To cover-up violations of constitutional rights by any or all of the following:
 - by failing to properly investigate and/or evaluate complaints or incidents of excessive and unreasonable force, unlawful seizures, and/or handling of emotionally disturbed persons;
 - ii. by ignoring and/or failing to properly and adequately investigate and discipline unconstitutional or unlawful police activity; and
 - iii. by allowing, tolerating, and/or encouraging police officers to: fail to file complete and accurate police reports; file false police reports; make false statements; intimidate, bias and/or "coach" witnesses to give false information and/or to attempt to bolster officers' stories; and/or obstruct or interfere with investigations of unconstitutional or unlawful police conduct, by withholding and/or concealing material information;
- g. To allow, tolerate, and/or encourage a "code of silence" among law enforcement officers and police department personnel, whereby an officer or member of the department does not provide adverse information against a fellow officer or member of the department; and,
- h. To use or tolerate inadequate, deficient, and improper procedures for handling, investigating, and reviewing complaints of officer misconduct made under California Government Code § 910 et seq.
- 34. Defendants City of ESCONDIDO, Chief MAHER, and Does 1-10 failed to properly hire, train, instruct, monitor, supervise, evaluate, investigate, and discipline Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew and DOE Defendants, and other EPD personnel, with deliberate indifference to Plaintiffs' constitutional rights, which were thereby violated as described above.
- 35. The unconstitutional actions and/or omissions of Defendants DOES 1-10, and other EPD personnel, as described above, were approved, tolerated and/or ratified by policy-making officers for the EPD. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege, the details of this incident have been revealed to the authorized policy makers within City of ESCONDIDO and the EPD, and that such policy makers have direct

knowledge of the fact that the VAN DINH LE shooting was not justified, but rather represented an unconstitutional display of unreasonable, excessive and deadly force. Notwithstanding this knowledge, the authorized policy makers within City of ESCONDIDO and the EPD have approved of Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew's shooting of VAN DINH LE, and have made a deliberate choice to endorse Defendants DOES 1 through 10 and Matthew's shooting of VAN DINH LE and the basis for that shooting. By so doing, the authorized policy makers within City of ESCONDIDO and the EPD have shown affirmative agreement with the individual defendant officers' actions, and have ratified the unconstitutional acts of the individual defendant officers.

- 36. The aforementioned customs, policies, practices, and procedures, the failures to properly and adequately hire, train, instruct, monitor, supervise, evaluate, investigate, and discipline, as well as the unconstitutional orders, approvals, ratification and toleration of wrongful conduct of Defendants City of ESCONDIDO, Chief MAHER, and Does 1-10, were a moving force and/or a proximate cause of the deprivations of Plaintiffs' clearly-established and well-settled constitutional rights in violation of 42 USC §1983, as more fully set forth in Paragraph 27, above.
- 37. Defendants subjected Plaintiffs to their wrongful conduct, depriving Plaintiffs of rights described herein, knowingly, maliciously, and with conscious and reckless disregard for whether the rights and safety of Plaintiffs and others would be violated by their acts and/or omissions.
- 38. As a direct and proximate result of the unconstitutional actions, omissions, customs, policies, practices and procedures of Defendants City of ESCONDIDO, Chief MAHER, and Does 1-10 as described above, Plaintiffs sustained serious and permanent injuries and are entitled to damages, penalties, costs and attorney fees as set forth in

paragraphs 25, 30 and 31, above, and punitive damages against Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew, and MAHER in their individual capacities.

COUNT THREE -- VIOLATION OF CIVIL CODE §52.1 -ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 39. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 40. By their acts, omissions, customs, and policies, each Defendant acting in concert/conspiracy, as described above, violated Plaintiffs' rights under California Civil Code §52.1, and the following clearly-established rights under the United States Constitution and the California Constitution:
 - a. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - b. The right to be free from excessive and unreasonable force in the course of arrest or detention as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments:
 - c. The right to be free from the unreasonable use of deadly force as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - d. The right to be free of unlawful, reckless, deliberately indifferent, and conscience shocking deadly force as secured by the Fourteenth Amendment;
 - e. The right to be free from wrongful government interference with familial relationships, and Plaintiffs' right to companionship and society with each other, as secured by the First, Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - f. The right to enjoy and defend life and liberty, acquire, possess and protect property, and pursue and obtain safety, happiness and privacy, as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 1;
 - g. The right to life, liberty and property and not to be deprived of those without due process of law as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 7;

- h. The right to be free from unlawful and unreasonable seizure of one's person, including the right to be free from unreasonable or excessive deadly force, as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 13;
- i. The right to protection from bodily restraint, harm, or personal insult, as secured by Cal. Civil Code § 43.
- 41. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violation of California Civil Code §52.1 and of Plaintiffs' rights under the United States and California Constitutions, Plaintiffs sustained injuries and damages, and against each and every Defendant are entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 25, 30 and 31, and punitive damages against Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew, and Chief MAHER in their individual capacities, including all damages allowed by California Civil Code §§ 52, 52.1, and California law, not limited to costs, attorneys fees, and civil penalties.

COUNT FOUR -- NEGLIGENCE; PERSONAL INJURIES -ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 42. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 43. At all times, each Defendant owed Plaintiffs the duty to act with due care in the execution and enforcement of any right, law, or legal obligation.
- 44. At all times, each Defendant owed Plaintiffs the duty to act with reasonable care.
- 45. These general duties of reasonable care and due care owed to Plaintiffs by all Defendants include but are not limited to the following specific obligations:
 - a. to refrain from using excessive and/or unreasonable force against VAN DINH LE;
 - b. to refrain from unreasonably creating the situation where force, including but not limited to deadly force, is used;

- c. to refrain from abusing their authority granted them by law;
- d. to refrain from violating Plaintiffs' rights guaranteed by the United States and California Constitutions, as set forth above, and as otherwise protected by law.
- 46. Additionally, these general duties of reasonable care and due care owed to Plaintiffs by Defendants City of ESCONDIDO, Chief MAHER, and Does 1-10, include but are not limited to the following specific obligations:
 - a. to properly and adequately hire, investigate, train, supervise, monitor, evaluate, and discipline their employees, agents, and/or law enforcement officers to ensure that those employees/agents/officers act at all times in the public interest and in conformance with the law;
 - b. to make, enforce, and at all times act in conformance with policies and customs that are lawful and protective of individual rights, including Plaintiffs'.
 - c. to refrain from making, enforcing, and/or tolerating the wrongful policies and customs set forth at paragraph 33, above.
- 47. Defendants, through their acts and omissions, breached each and every one of the aforementioned duties owed to Plaintiffs.
- 48. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiffs sustained injuries and damages, and against each and every Defendant are entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 25, 30 and 31, and punitive damages against Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew and Chief MAHER in their individual capacities.

COUNT FIVE -- ASSAULT AND BATTERY -ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 49. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 50. The actions and omissions of Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew, and City of ESCONDIDO as set forth above constitute assault and battery.

51. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' assault and battery of VAN DINH LE, Plaintiffs sustained injuries and damages, and are entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 25, 30, and 31, and punitive damages against all Defendants in their individual capacities.

COUNT SIX -- VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §51.7 -ALL PLAINTIFFS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 52. Plaintiffs reallege each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 53. By their acts, omissions, customs, and policies, Defendants DOES 1 through 10, Matthew, and City of ESCONDIDO, acting in concert/conspiracy, as described above, violated Plaintiffs' rights secured by California Civil Code §51.7 to be free from any violence, or intimidation by threat of violence, committed against VAN DINH LE, because of his disability, psychiatric condition, and/or language.
- 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violation of California Civil Code §51.7, Plaintiffs sustained injuries and damages, and are entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 25, 30 and 31, and all damages allowed by California Civil Code §§52, 51.7, and California law, not limited to attorney fees, costs, treble damages, and civil penalties.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request the following relief against each and every Defendant herein, jointly and severally:

- compensatory and exemplary damages in an amount according to proof and which is fair, just and reasonable;
- b. punitive damages under 42 USC §1983 and California law in an amount according to proof and which is fair, just, and reasonable;
- c. all other damages, penalties, costs, interest, and attorney fees as allowed by 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. §§

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377.20 et seq., 377.60 et seq., 1021.5, Cal. Civil Code §§ 52 et seq., 52.1, and as otherwise may be allowed by California and/or federal law;

- d. Injunctive relief, including but not limited to the following:
 - an order prohibiting Defendants and their police officers from unlawfully interfering with the rights of Plaintiffs and others to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures and excessive and unreasonable force;
 - ii. an order requiring Defendants to institute and enforce appropriate and lawful policies and procedures for stopping and detaining individuals, particularly persons with disabilities, persons experiencing a medical emergency, and emotionally disturbed persons;
 - iii. an order prohibiting Defendants and their police officers from engaging in the "code of silence" as may be supported by the evidence in this case;
 - iv. an order requiring Defendants to train all EPD law enforcement officers concerning generally accepted and proper tactics and procedures for the use of deadly force and this Court's orders concerning the issues raised in injunctive relief requests i-iii, above;
 - v. an order requiring Defendants to train all EPD Officers concerning generally accepted and proper tactics and procedures for handling emotionally disturbed persons and this Court's orders concerning the issues raised in injunctive relief requests i-iii, above;
 - vi. an order requiring Defendants to train all EPD Officers concerning generally accepted and proper tactics and procedures for handling disabled persons and this Court's orders concerning the issues raised in injunctive relief requests i-iii, above;
 - vii. an order requiring Defendants to train all EPD
 Officers concerning generally accepted and proper
 tactics and procedures for handling persons
 experiencing a medical emergency and this Court's
 orders concerning the issues raised in injunctive
 relief requests i-iii, above;

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2	e. such other and further relief as this Court may deem appropriat	
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4	DATED: August, 2011	CURD, GALINDO & SMITH, LLP
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6		/s/ ALEXIS GALINDO
7		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
8		KEVIN LE and VIVIAN LE
9	 DATED: August, 2011	WYNN LAW GROUP
10	DATED: August, 2011	WINI LAW GROOT
11		
12		/s/ RICHARD WYNN
13		Attorneys for Plaintiff AMY THU BICH LE
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JURY DEMAND		
Plaintiffs hereby request a trial by jury.		
DATED: August, 2011	CURD, GALINDO & SMITH, LLP	
	/s/ ALEXIS GALINDO	
	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
	KEVIN LE and VIVIAN LE	
DATED: August 2011	WYNN LAW GROUP	
DATED: August, 2011	WINN EAW GROOT	
	/s/ RICHARD WYNN	
	Attorneys for Plaintiff AMY THU BICH LE	